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Epiphone Valve Junior with MasterTone Modifications

Thank you for purchasing a MasterTone modified Valve Junior amplifier - I hope you will be delighted with the tone and performance of your new amp.

Please read this in conjunction with the Epiphone Manual and observe all the safety notices - remember that there are dangerous voltages inside valve amplifiers.

Why modify the Valve Junior?

- First, let's agree that it's a pretty good little amp and great value for money but, out of the box, it doesn't sound as good as it could because it's made to a price and doesn't always use the best quality components. By changing component quality and values the sound can be opened up and a wider range of tones can be achieved. Adding new components provides an even wider range of sounds.
- 2. 5watts is TOO LOUD for most people to be able to crank it up and get the true valve distortion sound that they are looking for even a bluesy crunch will not be achieved until the amp is pretty loud.

In a medium size room, which is where most people have to practice, a 1 watt valve amp can be so loud that you would have to shout really loud to be heard (about 100 decibels) - and around $1/10^{th}$ of a watt is what is often referred to as "bedroom level" for late night noodling.

By adding a Master Volume control and Power-Scaling[™] you can achieve any level and combination of pre-amp and output stage distortion down to less than 1/10th watt. (see <u>http://www.londonpower.com/pscaling.htm</u>)

About the modifications

The internet is full of modification ideas for Valve Junior amplifiers but many of the modifications contradict each other and don't always work well together when combined into one amp. I have chosen what I believe to be a successful combination of changes and additions which allow the amp to reach it's full potential and provide a wide range of tones from clean to insane distortion and all at volumes down to 'bedroom level'.

Please note that I am licensed to install Power Scaling[™] and use genuine London Power Components for the Power Scaling[™] circuit.

What the modifications do

All the controls work together to create the final sound.

WARNING: The level of distortion available when the Volume and Master volume are set to full AND the Power Scaling control is set towards minimum (8 o'clock) can be extreme. Use these controls carefully at first until you understand how they work together.

Voice Switch

The voice switch changes the tone of the amplifier. It also makes small changes to the gain of the amplifier i.e. how much the guitar signal is amplified.

There are three settings:

- Up Bass is emphasised normal gain.
- Middle Tone is neutral less gain.
- Down Treble is emphasised more gain.

Gain Switch

The gain switch provides a big increase in the gain and also reduces the bass to keep the over-driven/distorted sound clean.

- Up low gain
- Down High gain

Volume

After my modifications this becomes the pre-amp volume control (also called "Gain" on many amplifiers). This controls how hard you drive the pre-amp valves. Turning this control up overdrives the pre amp and creates a harmonically rich distortion.

VOLUME





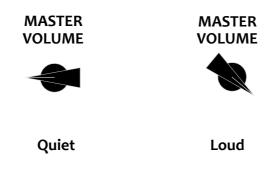


Clean

Pre Amp Over-drive

Master Volume

This controls the drive of the output stage of the amplifier. This allows the user to turn up the Volume control for maximum pre amp gain whilst keeping the amp's overall loudness at a desired level.



Using the Volume and Master Volume controls you can get some great crunchy tones at low volumes but it is only pre-amp distortion. Personally I like this sound but I prefer it when the output tubes start to distort giving a richer tone. You cannot get output tube distortion at low volumes unless you have some form of power reduction. There is a lot of information on the internet covering power soaks and other types of attenuators. I have tried lots of them including expensive solutions like the THD Hot Plate® but none of them works as well as Power ScalingTM. You can get more technical information on the London Power web site at <u>www.londonpower.com/powerscaling_vs_vp.htm</u>

Power Scale

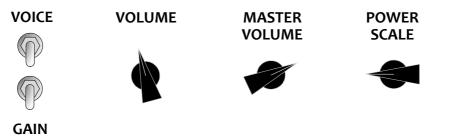
Using Power Scaling[™] you can achieve output tube distortion at any volume.

Power Scaling is at its most effective when the Master Volume is turned up but can also provide a tonal change to a clean sound.

The Power Scaling control reduces the power to the Output Tubes as you turn it anticlockwise. As you turn down the Power Scaling control you will need to adjust the Volume and Master Volume controls to get the exact level of over-drive/distortion that you want.

Once you are near to the sound you will find small changes can make quite a difference to the sound especially when the Power Scale is turned down and you are using a lot of distortion.

Don't forget that the Gain and Voice switches will also change the amount of drive and the tone.



With my Stratocaster I find this setting gives a great low volume over-driven sound but the final volume and level of distortion will depend on the guitar and pickups you are using and the way you play.

Standby Switch

The Standby Switch is used in conjunction with the Power Switch to 'warm up' the amplifier before use and to prolong the life of the output valves.

When powering up the amplifier always turn on the Power Switch first. This allows the valves to warm up to their correct operating temperature. After about 2 minutes, when the valves are up to the correct temperature, the Standby Switch can be turned on.

To prolong valve life the Standby Switch should be used to turn the amplifier on and off when you want to take a break from playing. When you want to turn the amp off completely, always turn off the Standby Switch before the main Power Switch.

Line Out

The line-out modification adds a line-level output jack to the Valve Junior, enabling you to connect directly into a sound board or a larger amp, a useful alternative to miking the amp in live and studio situations. Unlike other line-out jack designs, this design takes its

signal from the output transformer, rather than from the preamp output, so your line-out can get true power tube distortion.

Caution: A speaker load MUST be connected to the speaker jack at all times. Never use the amp without a speaker or suitable dummy load connected.

HT- Fuse

This additional fuse protects the high voltage windings and protects the expensive power supply transformer from damage if the power tube or a power supply capacitor fails.

Other 'unseen' modifications

- 60% of the components are changed for better quality and/or different values.
- 15 components are added (not including Power Scaling)
- Voltages are corrected.
- Bigger power supply smoothing capacitors are fitted to reduce hum.
- Volume and Master Volume controls are full size CTS and Alpha pots.
- Standby switch is a full size high voltage switch rather than a small micro switch.

Q - What about a tone control?

A - I have tried various tone controls (tone stack circuits) but find that

- They all reduce the gain significantly.
- You can obtain a better result using a combination of voicing and the guitar tone controls

${\rm Q}$ - What about valve rectifiers - don't they give a 'better' sound?

A - Some amplifiers exhibit what is known as "sag" when a note is struck due to a drop of voltage in the power supply. This changes the attack of the note and adds to the overall tone of the amp but not everyone will see it as an improved tone.

The Valve Junior circuit and others like it (commonly referred to as "Champ" circuits after the Fender Champ) draw an almost constant current so fitting a tube rectifier will not induce SAG as there is not enough change in the current to cause sufficient voltage drop.

Q - What about changing the speaker?

A - Changing the speaker will change the tone/sound of any amp. Whether it is an improvement or not is subjective. I have tried other speakers and while they do sound different they do not sound better to me. You may like a different speaker and the only way to find out is to try changing it. Weber, Jensen and Celestion all make speakers that you can use in the VJ as you have 4, 8 and 16 ohm outputs.

And, don't forget that with the 3 speaker jacks you can use the combo as a head with a separate speaker cabinet.

Q - What about a triode/pentode switch?

A - A triode/pentode switch is often fitted to give a reduction in output. It also changes the tone, making it darker. With Power Scaling[™] there is no benefit in using triode mode of operation to reduce the volume and in listening tests I found that most people didn't care for the triode mode sound.

Q - What about changing the output transformer?

A - While the stock output transformer is a little on the small side, it matches the output tube well and the sound is excellent. Changing the output transformer to something like a Hammond 125CSE will increase the level of clean volume and will have an effect on the tone but not everyone wants that change or will think it sounds better.

Q - What about changing the valves?

A - The tubes supplied with the VJ are good quality Sovtek valves. Changing the valves will change the tone but whether you like the change is subjective - you can't say it's better or worse as it's personal.

Servicing

If you need to take your amplifier to a shop or an amplifier technician for repair please provide the following information to them:

PLEASE NOTE that the Power Scale potentiometer carries a potentially lethal high voltage (around 300 volts) as does the standby switch.

This also applies if you decide to open the amplifier yourself !!

Warranty

I will correct any fault with my workmanship or the parts I fit for 12 months from the date of sale. Warranty applies only to the original purchaser. Warranty is void if the amplifier is altered or modified in any way or the serial number has been tampered with or altered.

Contact

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